

Command References

rspctl (Expert mode)

```
bash-4.2$ rspctl -X
rspctl usage:

-- RCU control -----
rspctl --rcu          [--select=<set>] # show current rcu control setting
rspctl --rcu=0x00000000 [--select=<set>] # set the rcu control registers
mask    value

0x00000007F INPUT_DELAY  Sample delay for the data from the RCU.
0x000000080 INPUT_ENABLE Enable RCU input.

0x00000100 LBL-EN       supply LBL antenna on (1) or off (0)
0x00000200 LBH-EN       sypply LBH antenna on (1) or off (0)
0x00000400 HB-EN        supply HB on (1) or off (0)
0x00000800 BANDSEL     low band (1) or high band (0)
0x00001000 HB-SEL-0    HBA filter selection
0x00002000 HB-SEL-1    HBA filter selection

      Options : HBA-SEL-0 HBA-SEL-1 Function
      -----
      0      0    210-270 MHz
      0      1    170-230 MHz
      1      0    110-190 MHz
      1      1    all off

0x00004000 VL-EN        low band supply on (1) or off (0)
0x00008000 VH-EN        high band supply on (1) or off (0)

0x00010000 VDIG-EN      ADC supply on (1) or off (0)
0x00020000 LBL-LBH-SEL  LB input selection 0=LBL, 1=LBH
0x00040000 LB-FILTER    LB filter selection
      0    10-90 MHz
      1    30-80 MHz

0x00080000 ATT-CNT-4    on (1) is 1dB attenuation
0x00100000 ATT-CNT-3    on (1) is 2dB attenuation
0x00200000 ATT-CNT-2    on (1) is 4dB attenuation
0x00300000 ATT-CNT-1    on (1) is 8dB attenuation
```

0x00800000 ATT-CNT-0 on (1) is 16dB attenuation

0x01000000 PRSG pseudo random sequence generator on (1), off (0)

0x02000000 RESET on (1) hold board in reset

0x04000000 SPEC_INV Enable spectral inversion (1) if needed. see --specinv

0x08000000 TBD reserved

0xF0000000 RCU VERSION RCU version, read-only

```
rspctl [ --rcumode <mode> |
--rcuprsg <prsg> |
--rcureset <reset> |
--rcuattenuation <attenuation> |
--rcudelay <delay> |
--rcuenable <enable> |
] + [--select=<set>] # control RCU by combining one or more of these options with RCU selection
```

--rcumode=[0..7] # set the RCU in a specific mode

Possible values: 0 = OFF

1 = LBL 10MHz HPF 0x00017900

2 = LBL 30MHz HPF 0x00057900

3 = LBH 10MHz HPF 0x00037A00

4 = LBH 30MHz HPF 0x00077A00

5 = HB 110-190MHz 0x0007A400

6 = HB 170-230MHz 0x00079400

7 = HB 210-270MHz 0x00078400

--rcuprsg[=0] # turn psrg on (or off)

--rcureset[=0] # hold rcu in reset (or take out of reset)

--rcuattenuation=[0..31] # set the RCU attenuation (steps of 0.25dB)

--rcudelay=[0..127] # set the delay for rcu's (steps of 5ns or 6.25ns)

--rcuenable[=0] # enable (or disable) input from RCU's

```
rspctl --specinv[=0] [--select=<set>] # enable (or disable) spectral inversion
```

```
rspctl --mode=[0..7] [--select=<set>] # set rcumode in a specific mode
```

```
--rcuenable <enable> # enable(or disable) input from RCU's
```

```
--specinv <specinv> # enable(or disable) spectral inversion
```

```
--select <set> # set the hbadelays to 253
```

--- Signalprocessing -----

```
rspctl --weights <weights> [--select=<set>] # get weights as complex values
```

Example --weights --select=1,2,4:7 or --select=1:3,5:7

```
rspctl --weights=value.re[,value.im][--select=<set>][--beamlets=<set>] # set weights as complex value
OR   --weights="(value.re,value.im)(value.re,value.im)" [--select=<set>][--beamlets=<set>] # set multiple
weights
```

as complex value for the same amount of selected beamlets

```
rspctl --aweights          [--select=<set>] # get weights as power and angle (in degrees)
rspctl --aweights=amplitude[,angle] [--select=<set>] # set weights as amplitude and angle (in degrees)
rspctl --subbands         [--select=<set>] # get subband selection
rspctl --subbands=<set>   [--select=<set>] # set subband selection
```

Example --subbands sets: --subbands=0:39 or --select=0:19,40:59

```
rspctl --xcsubband        # get the subband selection for cross correlation
rspctl --xcsubband=<int>  # set the subband to cross correlate
rspctl --wg              [--select=<set>] # get waveform generator settings
rspctl --wg=freq [--phase=..] [--amplitude=..] [--select=<set>] # set waveform generator settings
```

--- Status info ---

```
rspctl --version          [--select=<set>] # get version information
rspctl --status           [--select=<set>] # get status of RSP boards
rspctl --tdstatus        [--select=<set>] # get status of TDS boards
rspctl --spustatus       [--select=<set>] # get status of SPU board
rspctl --realdelays[=<list>] [--select=<set>] # get the installed 16 delays of one or more HBA's
rspctl --regstate        # show update status of all registers once every second
rspctl --latency         # show latency of ring and all lanes
```

--- Statistics ---

```
rspctl --statistics[=(subband|beamlet)] # get subband (default) or beamlet statistics
    [--select=<set>] #
    [--duration=<seconds>] #
    [--integration=<seconds>] #
    [--directory=<directory>] #
rspctl [--xcangle] --xcstatistics [--select=first,second] # get crosscorrelation statistics (of pair of RSP boards)
    [--duration=<seconds>] #
    [--integration=<seconds>] #
    [--directory=<directory>] #
```

--- Miscellaneous ---

```
rspctl --clock[=<int>] # get or set the clock frequency of clocks in MHz
rspctl --rspclear      [--select=<set>] # clear FPGA registers on RSPboard
rspctl --hbadelays[=<list>] [--select=<set>] # set or get the 16 delays of one or more HBA's
rspctl --tbbmode[=transient | =subbands,<set>] # set or get TBB mode, 'transient' or 'subbands', if subbands
then specify subband set
```

```

rspctl --datastream[=0|1|2|3]          # set or get the status of data stream to cep
rspctl --swapxy[=0|1] [--select=<set>] # set or get the status of xy swap, 0=normal, 1=swapped
rspctl --bitmode[=4|8|16]             # set or get the number of bits per sample

--- Raw register control -----
### WARNING: to following commands may crash the RSPboard when used wrong! ###
rspctl --readblock=RSPboard,hexAddress,offset,datalength # read datalength bytes from given address

rspctl --writeblock=RSPboard,hexAddress,offset,hexData   # write data to given address

In all cases the maximum number of databytes is 1480
Address order: BLPID, RSP, PID, REGID

```

beamctl

- (Undocumented) -J/--remotehost: Use a remote server to host the beamservice?

```

bash-4.2$ beamctl -h
Usage: beamctl <rcuspec> <dataspec> <digpointing> [<digpointing> ...] FOR LBA ANTENNAS
      beamctl <rcuspec> <anapointing> [<anapointing> ...] [<dataspec> <digpointing> [<digpointing> ...]]
FOR HBA ANTENNAS
      beamctl --calinfo
where:
<rcuspec>    = --antennaset --rcus --band (or --antennaset --rcus --rcumode)
<dataspec>  = --subbands --beamlets
<digpointing> = --digdir
<anapointing> = --anadir
with option arguments:
--antennaset=name # name of the antenna (sub)field the RCU's are part of, may not conflict with band
                  # name = LBA_INNER | LBA_OUTER | LBA_SPARSE_EVEN | LBA_SPARSE_ODD |
                  # LBA_X | LBA_Y | HBA_ZERO | HBA_ONE | HBA_DUAL | HBA_JOINED |
                  # HBA_ZERO_INNER | HBA_ONE_INNER | HBA_DUAL_INNER | HBA_JOINED_INNER
--rcus=<set>     # subselection of RCU's
--band=name     # name of band selection, may not conflict with antennaset
                  # name = 10_90 | 30_90 | 110_190 | 170_230 | 210_250
--subbands=<set> # set of subbands to use for this beam
--beamlets=<list> # list of beamlets on which to allocate the subbands
                  # beamlet range = 0..247 when Serdes splitter is OFF
                  # beamlet range = 0..247 + 1000..1247 when Serdes splitter is ON
--digdir=longitude,latitude,type[,duration]
                  # lon,lat are floating point values specified in radians

```

```
# type is SKYSCAN or almost any other coordinate system
# SKYSCAN will scan the sky with a L x M grid in the (l,m) plane
--anadir=longitude,latitude,type[,duration]
# direction of the analogue HBA beam
--rcumode=0..7 # Old-style RCU mode to use (DEPRECATED; only available for
compatibility with existing scripts. Please use antenna-
set + band selection. The rcumode selected here must not
conflict with the selected antennaset)
--help # print this usage
```

The order of the arguments is trivial.

This utility connects to the CalServer to activate the antennas in set --antennaSet containing the selected RCU's. The CalServer sets those RCU's in the mode specified by --rcumode. Another connection is made to the BeamServer to create a beam on the selected antennafield pointing in the direction specified with --digdir.

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